COSC 175 General Computer Science Spring 2011

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# LAB 5 – USB Image File Storage Limits

#### Downloading and Installing Python (for installing on your own PC/laptop)

In this course, we will be using Python version 2.7. Python can be download and installed on your own computer by going to <u>www.python.org</u>, and clicking on the Download link shown below.

ABOUT	$\gg$
NEWS	$\gg$
DOCUMENTATION	$\gg$
DOWNLOAD	>>
COMMUNITY	$\gg$
FOUNDATION	$\gg$
CORE DEVELOPMEN	$1 \pm \infty$
Help	

#### Python Programming Language – Official Website

Python is a programming language that lets you work more quickly and integrate your systems more effectively. You can learn to use Python and see almost immediate gains in productivity and lower maintenance costs. Python runs on Windows, Linux/Unix, Mac OS X, and has been ported to the Java and .NET virtual machines.

Python is free to use, even for commercial products, because of its OSI-approved open source license.

New to Python or choosing between Python 2 and Python 3? Read Python 2 or Python 3.

Then, on the download page, click on the following link for installation a Windows system,

### Download Python

The current production versions are Python 2.7 and Python 3.1.2.

Start with one of these versions for learning Python or if you want the most stability; they're both considered stable production releases.

If you don't know which version to use, start with Python 2.7; more existing third party software is compatible with Python 2 than Python 3 right now.

For the MD5 checksums and OpenPGP signatures, look at the detailed Python 2.7 page:

Python 2.7 Windows installer (Windows binary -- does not include source)

- Python 2.7 Windows X86-64 installer (Windows AMD64 / Intel 64 / X86-64 binary [1] -- does not include source)
- Python 2.7 32-bit Mac OS X Installer Disk Image (for Mac OS X 10.3 through 10.6)
- Python 2.7 PPC/i386/x86-64 Mac OS X Installer Disk Image (for Mac OS X 10.5 or later)
- Python 2.7 compressed source tarball (for Linux, Unix or OS X)
- Python 2.7 bzipped source tarball (for Linux, Unix or OS X, more compressed)

If you are installing on a Mac or Linux machine, the select the appropriate links shown above.

To install, just execute (double-click) the downloaded installer file.

### Introduction to Python Program Development Using IDLE

A Python development environment called IDLE is included with the Python download. Select the IDLE option as shown below.

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Python 2.6	🕨 🧞 IDLE (Python GUI) 🛛 📐
QuickTime	ト 🙇 Module Docs 🛛 🤟
🛅 Real	🕨 📓 Python (command line)
🛅 Roxio Creator DE	🕨 😰 Python Manuals
🛅 Snagit 9	🕨 👸 Uninstall Python
🕅 SSH Secure Shell	•

You will get a sceen as shown below. At this point you can just type instructions at the prompt and see the results, as shown below.



Or, you can start a new program file under File  $\rightarrow$  New Window, which will create a new window to type and save a program in.

File	Edit	Shell	Debug	Options		
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<u> </u>	<u>O</u> pen		Ctrl+•	o Kr		
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2	lose		Alt+F	4		
E	E <u>x</u> it		Ctrl+•	Q		

## Python Instructions Needed for This Lab

```
Arithmetic Operators: * (mult) and // (truncated division) print Statement: e.g., print 'Value of num is ', num
```

**Relational Operators:** == (equal), e.g. num == 10 (True/False result) **Assignment Operator:** = (assign), e.g. num = 10 (assigns 10 to variable num)

For input of numerical values
age = input ('Enter your age: ')

# Task

Develop and test a Python program that determines how many images can be stored on a given size USB (flash) drive. The size of the USB drive is to be entered by the user in gigabytes (GB). The number of images that can be stored must be calculated for GIF, JPEG, PNG, and TIFF image file formats. An example run of the program is given below.

Enter USB size (GB): <u>4</u> xxxxx images in GIF format can be stored xxxxx images in JPEG format can be stored xxxxx images in PNG format can be stored xxxxx images in TIFF format can be stored

Image formats such as JPEG allow the user to select the degree of compression for the image quality desired. For this program, assume the image compression ratios given below. Finally, assume that the images to store all have a resolution of 600x800. Thus, for example, a 600x800 resolution image with 16bit color depth would have a total number of bytes of 600 x 800 x 2 (8-bits in one byte) = 960000. Then, if there is a compression rate of 25:1, then the total number of bytes needed to store the image would be 960000 / 25 = 38400.

Finally, assume that a GB (gigabyte) equal 1,000,000,000 bytes.

Format	Full Name	Color	Depth	Compr	ession
GIF	Graphics Interchange Format	256 colors	8 bits	lossless	5:1
JPEG	Joint Photographic Experts Group	16 million colors	24 bits	lossy	25:1
PNG	Portable Network Graphics	16 million colors	24 bits	lossless	8:1
TIFF	Tagged Image File Format	280 trillion colors	48 bits	lossless	n/a

# What to Turn In

- printout of your program (shown at right)
- copy posted in BlackBoard

File	Edit	Shell	Debug	Options
<u>n</u>	<u>N</u> ew Window Ctrl+N			N
<u> </u>	<u>O</u> pen		Ctrl+	0
E	<u>R</u> ecent Files			
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9	Save <u>A</u> s		Ctrl+:	Shift+S
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E	E <u>x</u> it		Ctrl+	Q